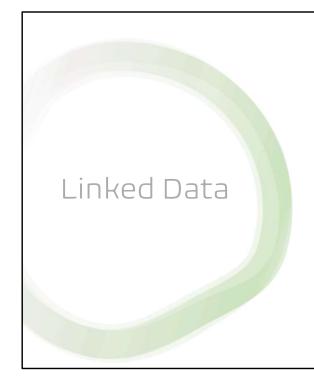


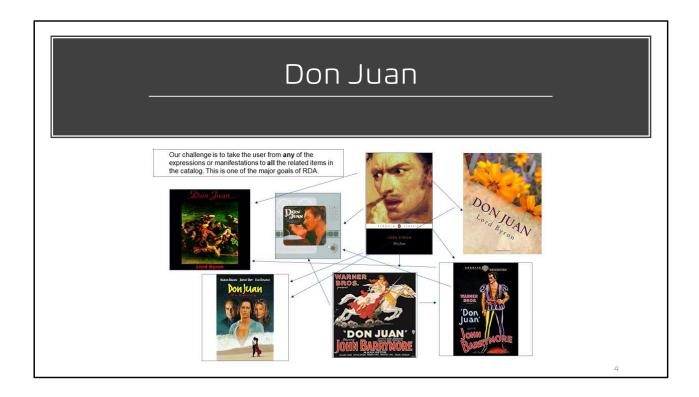
Welcome to Looking to the Future: How to Learn About Linked Data and BIBFRAME. You keep hearing about "linked data" and "BIBFRAME" and want to know more...but where do you start? I am going to walk you through my process of learning about linked data and BIBFRAME from the perspective of a beginner. This presentation will provide a brief overview of linked data and BIBFRAME, how linked data works, and share resources for continuing your learning experience. I will answer questions at the end of the presentation.



This is the agenda today.



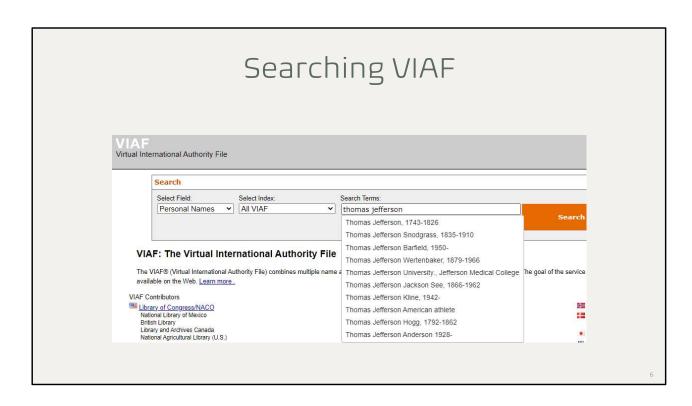
Library linked data (LLD) is the use of linked data standards by libraries. These standards are usually applied to bibliographic and authority data sets with the hope of decreasing redundant cataloging work; and increasing visibility of library resources and interoperability with non-library systems--Wikipedia



Let's look a little more closely at the diagram that was on the title slide. We have two different print editions of Don Juan, an audiobook, a DVD version of the movie, a VHS version, a soundtrack, and a movie based loosely on the original book and now the related manifestations/items need to be linked to each other. Now, think of all the works that have been manifested and expressed into print books, e-books, audiobooks, streaming audio, videos (motion pictures, VHS, DVD, Blu-Ray), streaming video, etc. Although your local public library might not own all manifestations and expressions of this one work, your patron might want to find all these different items and borrow one or many of them. As you know, patrons are no longer restricted to borrowing the resources owned by their public library. The majority of library resources are accessible, even if you can only use some of them in the library.



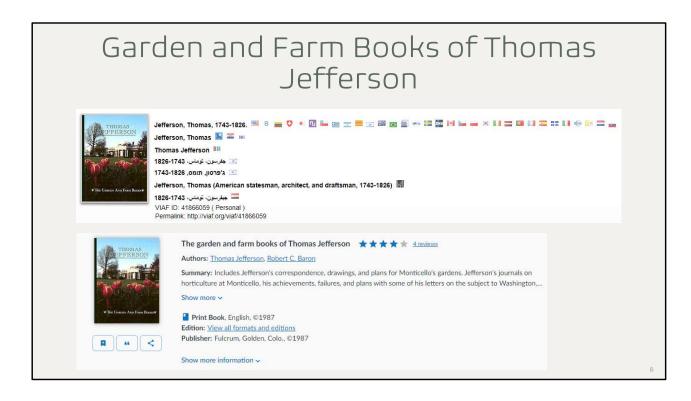
VIAF links authority file data. My description won't do it justice, so let's take a look at VIAF!



I decided to do a Thomas Jefferson search. As you see in the screenshot above, the search box populates, giving you choices. I selected Thomas Jefferson, 1743-1826.



This is a screenshot of the partial search results. As you see at the top, there are 117 headings, which are all related to Thomas Jefferson.



I chose Garden and farm books of Thomas Jefferson from the VIAF website to examine further. The top image is from VIAF which can then take you to the WorldCat record for The garden and farm books of Thomas Jefferson (bottom screenshot). In the VIAF image, you can see all the country flags that have a linked record—either to an authority or bibliographic record. WorldCat links data—formats, creators, subjects, titles, etc.

Thomas Jefferson in Wikipedia

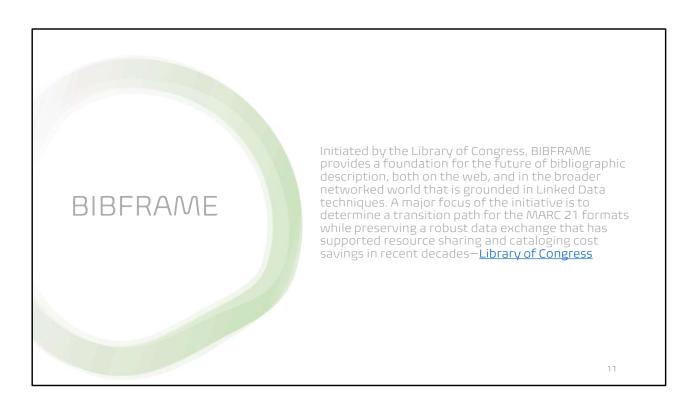
Categories: Thomas Jefferson | 1743 births | 1826 deaths | 18th-century American philosophers | 18th-century vice presidents of the United States | 18th-century American writers | 19th-century American philosophers | 19th-century presidents of the United States | 18th-century American and American book and manuscript collectors | American colonization movement | American desist | American group of Wish descent | American group of Wish descent | American packers | American lawyers admitted to the practice of law by reading law | American made non-fiction writers | American associal architects | American people of English descent | American packers | American American State owners | American State | University of Viginia | Physicicrats | Pre-19th-century cryptographers | Presidents of the United States | State | Uni

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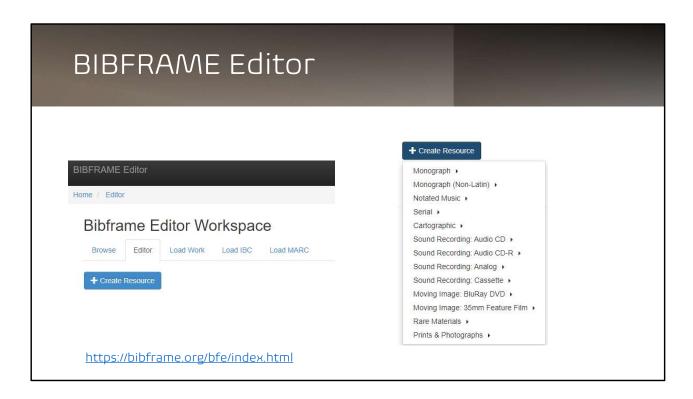
Here is another example of linked data. All of these "topics" are linked in the Wikipedia article on Thomas Jefferson.

Linked Data in MARC Records

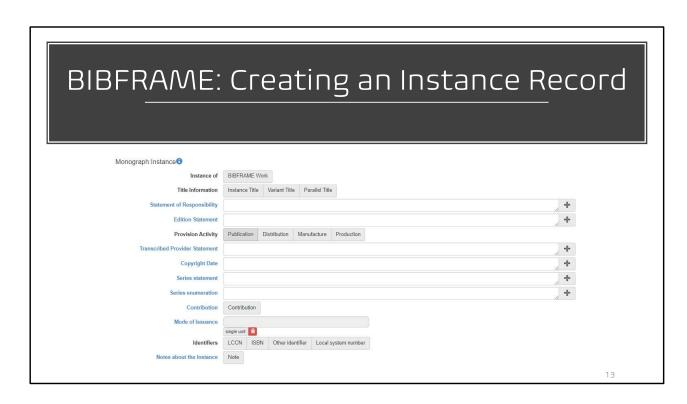
Let's look at an example of linked data in a MAchine Readable Cataloging Record (MARC). I recently cataloged an e-book for the American Hospital Association (AHA) Library in Chicago. This is OCLC #1350812795, Exploring metropolitan anchor hospitals and the communities they serve. The corporate author (110 2_), LCSH (650_0), and the electronic location and access (856 40) fields all have linked data in them. Notice that the first 856 field takes the patron to the American Health Association website while the second 856 field is a link to the PDF version of the e-book.



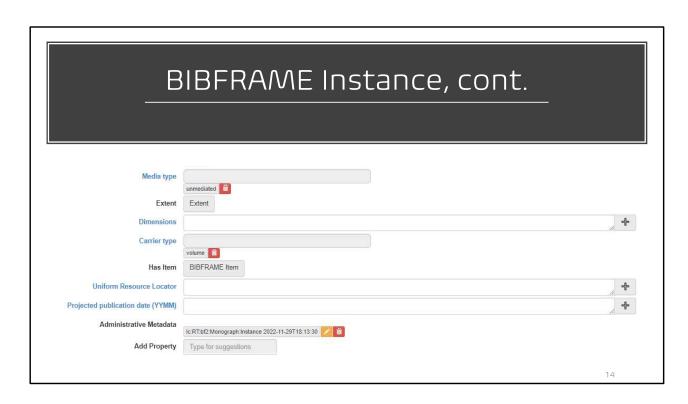
BIBFRAME was created in 2012. Currently, LC cataloging staff are creating records in MARC & in BIBFRAME. This has been their current practice for several years. The current version of BIBFRAME is BIBFRAME 2.0.



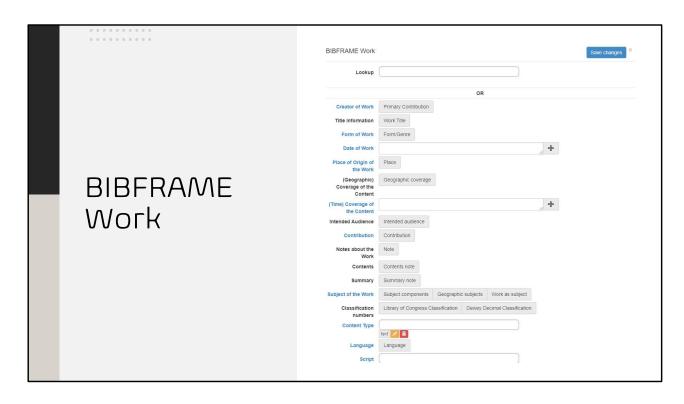
You can access the BIBFRAME editor (demo version) at https://bibframe.org/bfe/index.html. Click on the editor tab (as shown in the image above, left). Then, click on the "Create Resource" button. Now, you have a choice to make. What type of resource are you cataloging?



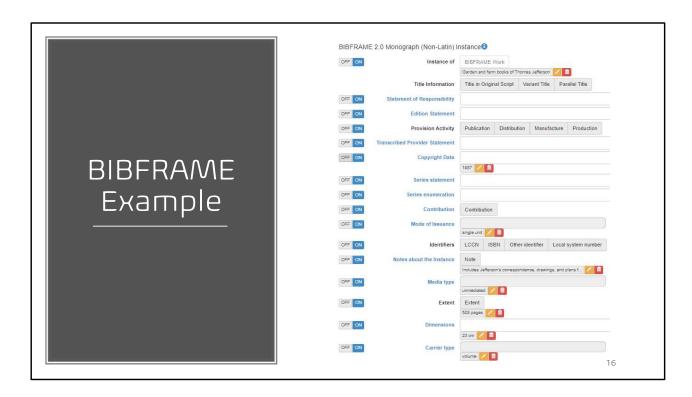
From the "Create Resource" button, I selected Monograph, Instance (the two choices are instance and work). This is the screen that appears. For any of the grayed boxes, you can click on them and provide more information. We are going to look at the other options for BIBFRAME Work in two slides.



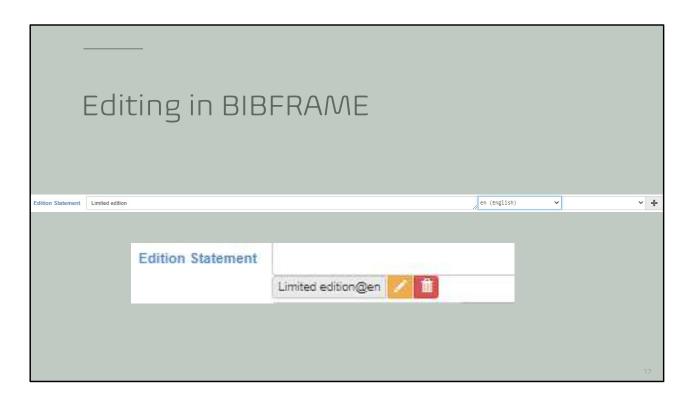
These are the rest of the boxes you can fill in for an instance.



When I clicked on BIBFRAME Work, this is the screen that appeared.



In the demo editor, I created a BIBFRAME record for the Garden and farm books of Thomas Jefferson that we looked at earlier. When you are in the demo editor, you need to enter information in the blank box, click the plus sign, and then save it. Hopefully, if you are using the real editor, it's less clunky to use.



In the top image, I typed in Limited edition in the Edition Statement box, selected English (en) as the language, then clicked on the plus sign (far right). The bottom image shows that "Limited edition" now displays under the blank box, but you can see that your choice is to edit or delete it.

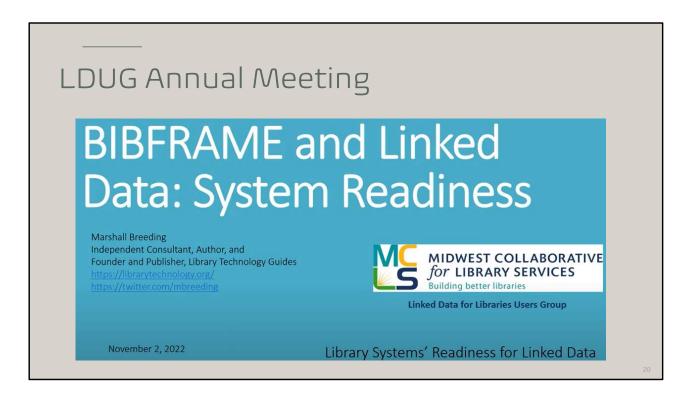
@prefix bf: <http://id.loc.gov/ontologies/bibframe/>. @prefix bflc: <http://id.loc.gov/ontologies/bflc/>. @prefix madsrdf: <http://www.loc.gov/mads/rdf/v1#>. @prefix madsrdf: <http://www.loc.gov/mads/rdf/v1#>. @prefix mo: <http://performedmusicontology.org/ontology/> @prefix rdf: <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#> **BIBFRAME** @prefix rdfs: <http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#> Preview @prefix xsd: http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchemam. @prefix datatypes: http://id.loc.gov/datatypes/. @prefix lclocal: http://id.loc.gov/ontologies/lclocal/. chttp://id.loc.gov/authorities/names/n79089957> a bf:Person; rdfs:label "Jefferson, Thomas, 1743-1826". chttp://id.loc.gov/resources/instances/e112359429537705836404872679219451120150> a bf:Instance; tp://di.lot.gov/resources/instantes/eii235942957/e988eb bf:adminMetadata_ibe_De; bf:carrier chttp://id.loc.gov/vocabulary/carriers/nc>; bf:copyrightDate "1987"; bf:dimensions "23 cm"; bf:editionStatement "Limited edition"@en; bf:extent_:b0_b1; bf:instanceOf_:b0_b2; bf:issuance http://id.loc.gov/vocabulary/issuance/mono; bf:media <http://id.loc.gov/vocabulary/mediaTypes/n>; bt:media (http://id.loc.gov/vocabulary/mediaf) bf:note_itBb_bi bf:provisionActivity_ibe_b4. ibb_b0 a bf:AdminNetadata; bfic:proclinfo "create instance"; bfic:profile "lc:RT:bf2:MonographNR:Instance"; bf:changedate "2022-11-20"^xxsd:dateTime; bf:creationDate "2022-11-20"^xxsd:dateTime; bf:descriptionAuthentication http://id.loc.gov/vocabulary/marcauthen/pcc; bf:descriptionConventions http://id.loc.gov/vocabulary/descriptionConventions/rda; bf:descriptionLanguage http://id.loc.gov/vocabulary/languages/eng; bf:descriptionModifier http://id.loc.gov/vocabulary/languages/engs/; bf:dentifiedBy http://id.l <http://id.loc.gov/vocabulary/carriers/nc> a bf:Carrier; rdfs:label "volume". _:b0_b1 a bf:Extent; rdfs:label "528 pages"

Here is the first part of the preview of Garden and farm books of Thomas Jefferson. All the schemas are shown at the top (bf, bflc, madsrdf, pmo, rdf, rdfs, xsd, datatypes, and Iclocal). These prefixes are "defined" at the top of the screen. Bf is for BIBFRAME, Bflc is BIBFRAME Library of Congress. Madsrdf is Metadata Authority Description Schema in Resource Description Framework. Pmo is performed music ontology. RDF is Resource Description Framework. RDFS is Resource Description Framework Schema. Xsd is XML Schema Definition. Datatypes is the Library of Congress datatypes. Lclocal is the Library of Congress local ontologies.

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BIBFRAME
Preview, cont.

| 100_02 a bfision; | bfisiontendata; 100_05; | bficontend thype/fita; | bfisiontendata; | bfis
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Here is the final screenshot of the preview. The summary note is not shown in its entirety for display purposes only.



During the Linked Data Users Group (LDUG) annual meeting, Marshal Breeding presented BIBFRAME and Linked Data: System Readiness (a link to the recording is on the resources slide). In summary, Breeding says that BIBFRAME is mainly being used for monographs (books)—print and e-books. However, monographs are a smaller part of many academic library's budgets. It is more challenging to apply linked data to article-level discovery services. OCLC is working with the Library of Congress to finalize the BIBFRAME standard. Academic and larger public libraries are more interested in BIBFRAME than mid-sized and smaller public libraries or school libraries, but the Integrated Library Systems (ILS) must have buy-in and support BIBFRAME. Cataloging costs will increase if BIBFRAME is

adopted—technology development, staff training, and documentation. The global

bibliographic ecosystem is dominated by Koha which does not currently support BIBFRAME. He also shares that the main criticism of MARC has been that it is library-centric and that LC has created another library-centric program, BIBFRAME. There are over 2.7 million libraries worldwide (according to the International Federation of Library Associations and Institutions (IFLA) so having a library-centric program might not be totally negative but if libraries used a universal program or coding then just imagine all the possibilities!

Summary

Linked data is useful WorldCat links data

VIAF actively linking data

Library of Congress invested in

BIBFRAME

MARC records have linked data Need ILS buy-in & support for

BIBFRAME

2

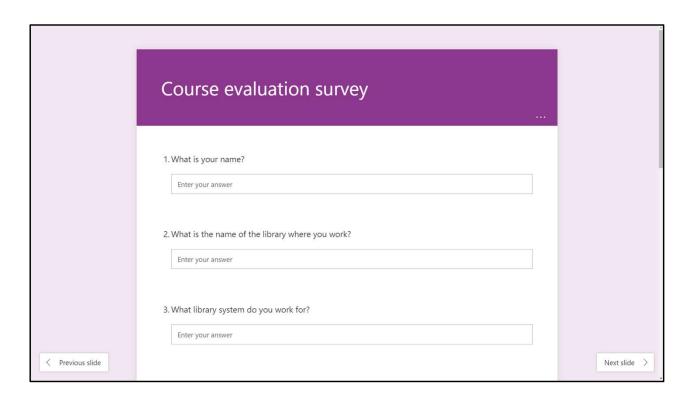
Linked data is useful and has endless possibilities. The Virtual International Authority File (VIAF) is a useful resource for linking authority records and linking works/expressions/manifestations/items (WEMIs) and connecting them to one creator. MARC records have linked data which also link WEMIs, connecting all WEMIs to one creator. WorldCat links data, allowing patrons to filter and sort by creator, format, publication date, subject, etc. The Library of Congress is clearly vested and invested in BIBFRAME (using Alma, an Ex Libris product). It was created in 2012 and is not universally available for all libraries to use (and may never be). Integrated Library Systems (Follett, Polaris, Evergreen, Ex Libris, etc.) all need to have buy-in and support BIBFRAME in order for libraries to use it.

Resources

- BIBFRAME definition, https://www.loc.gov/bibframe/
- BIBFRAME editor (demo mode), https://bibframe.org/bfe/index.html
- BIBFRAME FAQs, https://www.loc.gov/bibframe/faqs/
- BIBFRAME initiative, BIBFRAME Bibliographic Framework Initiative (Library of Congress) (loc.gov)
- Breeding, Marshall (2022). BIBFRAME and linked data: System readiness, https://youtu.be/MQSaAmiBY2Q
- CMC Evaluation Form, Course evaluation survey (Edit) Microsoft Forms (office.com)
- IFLA world map, https://librarymap.ifla.org/
- Jefferson, Thomas (Wikipedia), https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thomas_Jefferson
- Linked data definition (Wikipedia),
 - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Library_linked_data
- OCLC. Linked data overview, https://www.oclc.org/research/areas/data-science/linkeddata/linked-data-overview.html
- Thomas, Pamela (2018). Understanding WEMI (Work, Expression, Manifestation, Item), https://www.railslibraries.info/events/152953
- VIAF, https://viaf.org/

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These are the resources I used to create this presentation and/or useful resources for you to explore. On a side note, I created and used the Don Juan diagram for a Reaching Across Illinois Libraries (RAILS) presentation on August 21, 2018. The link to the recording and slides is listed here. I have also included the link to our new CMC evaluation form in this list. The link to the form is also on the L2 event. I will give you a sneak peak of the form on the next slide.



This is our new evaluation survey.



Do you have any questions?

ON THE CALL TODAY Questions? Contact the CMC: cmc@illinoisheartland.org Dr. Pamela Thomas CMC Bibliographic Grant Manager ON THE CALL TODAY Questions? Contact the CMC: cmc@illinoisheartland.org Mary Cornell CMC Cataloger Eric McKinney CMC Cataloger

On the call today are Barb Scoby, Dr. Pamela Thomas, Mary Cornell, and Eric McKinney.